Frequently Asked Questions for Parents/Carers

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1. **What is the Nationally Consistent Collection of Data on School Students with Disability?**

The Nationally Consistent Collection of Data on School Students with Disability (the national data collection) is an annual collection that counts the number of school students with disability and the level of educational adjustment they are provided with.

The national data collection counts students who have been identified by a school team as receiving an adjustment to address a disability under the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* (the DDA). The DDA can be viewed or downloaded from the ComLaw website at [https://www.comlaw.gov.au/Series/C2004A04426](https://www.comlaw.gov.au/Series/C2004A04426).

2. **Why has the Nationally Consistent Collection of Data on School Students with Disability been introduced?**

Until now there has been a lack of nationally comparable data about school students with disability. The national data collection will ensure that, for the first time, this information is transparent, consistent and reliable at a national level.

More information about school students with disability will help parents, carers, teachers, principals and education authorities to support students with disability to take part in school on the same basis as other students. The national data collection will better enable all levels of government to effectively target resources for students with disability wherever they live and whatever school they attend.

The national data collection acknowledges the work already undertaken in schools to support students with disability. It assists schools to identify and support students with disability so they can access and participate in education on the same basis as their peers.

The processes underpinning the national data collection will help to reinforce the obligations and responsibilities required of schools under the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* (the DDA) and the Disability Standards for Education 2005 (the Standards). The DDA and the Standards are available via the ComLaw website at [www.comlaw.gov.au](http://www.comlaw.gov.au).

3. **Isn’t data on school students with disability collected now?**

Although some data is currently collected, the method by which this is done varies across the states and territories.

A nationally consistent approach to collecting data will provide evidence on:

- the number of school students with disability
- where they are located
• the level of reasonable adjustment provided for them
• their broad type of disability.

The Nationally Consistent Collection of Data on School Students with Disability draws on the good work already occurring in schools across Australia to support students with disability.

4. **What information will be collected through the Nationally Consistent Collection of Data on School Students with Disability?**

Every year, schools will collect the following information for each student with disability:
• the student’s level of education (i.e. primary or secondary)
• the student’s level of adjustment
• the student's broad type of disability.

If a student has multiple disabilities, the school team, using their professional judgment, will select the broad category of disability that has the greatest impact on his/her access to education and for which adjustments are being provided.

Some students who meet the definition of disability under the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* who may need minimal assistance may also be counted in the national data collection.

Data will be combined within each school and any identifying characteristics (such as student names) will not be transmitted as part of the collection process. The information collected by schools will be provided to governments to inform policy and programme improvement for students with disability.

5. **How will this data be used?**

The information provided through the national data collection will give government’s greater insight into the number of students with disability in Australian schools, where they are located and what reasonable adjustments are provided for them.

In addition, the information provided by the national data collection will help all Australian governments, education authorities and schools better target programmes and resources and contribute to enhanced outcomes for students with disability.

The national data collection is also an opportunity for schools to review their learning and support systems and processes and continually improve education outcomes for students with disability.
6. Is the Nationally Consistent Collection of Data on School Students with Disability compulsory?

All education ministers agreed to full implementation of the national data collection from 2015. This means that all schools must now collect information annually on their number of students with disability and the level of adjustment provided for them.

Information about the arrangements that may apply to your school in relation to this data collection is available from your child’s school principal and the relevant education authority or independent association of schools.

7. When does the Nationally Consistent Collection of Data on School Students with Disability take place each year?

The national data collection is in August each year.

8. What is a reasonable adjustment?

An adjustment is a measure or action taken to help a student with disability access and participate in education on the same basis as other students without disability. Adjustments can be made across the whole school setting (e.g. ramps into buildings), in the classroom (such as adapting class lessons) and at an individual student level (such as extra tuition for a student with learning difficulties).

Schools are required to make reasonable adjustments for students with disability under the Disability Standards for Education 2005 (the Standards). You can view or download the Standards via the ComLaw website at www.comlaw.gov.au.

9. What are the benefits of the national data collection for my child?

The aim of the national data collection is to have higher quality and robust information about Australian school students with disability.

The information provided through the national data collection will enable all Australian governments to improve target support and resources to benefit students with disability. It will help enable the right supports to be provided for students with disability so they have the same opportunities for a high quality education as students without disability.

The national data collection is also an opportunity for schools to review their learning and support systems and processes and continually improve education outcomes for students with disability.
10. Will my child's privacy be protected?

Protecting the privacy and confidentiality of all children and their families is essential.

As part of the national data collection:
- personal or confidential information will not be provided to anyone not authorised to see it
- personal details, student names or any identifying information will not be included in data sent to the local education authority or to the Australian Government.


11. Where can I get further information about the Disability Standards for Education 2005 and what it means for me and my child?

An e-learning resource has been developed to help individuals, families and communities understand the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 and the Disability Standards for Education 2005. This resource is publicly available for free and can be found at http://resource.dse.theducationinstitute.edu.au/.

12. Where can I get more information on the Nationally Consistent Collection of Data on School Students with Disability?

In the first instance, you should contact your child’s school to discuss any questions or concerns you may have.